

$$7a) \quad \underline{f(x, y) = x^2 + y} \quad ; \quad f(1, 0)$$

$$f(1, 0) = 1^2 + 0$$

$$f(1, 0) = 1$$

$$7b) \quad \underline{f(x, y) = x^2 + y} \quad ; \quad f(0, 1)$$

$$f(0, 1) = 0^2 + 1$$

$$f(0, 1) = 1$$

$$9) \quad f(x) = 3x + 4 \quad g(x) = x^2 + x$$

$$a) \quad f(5) = 3(5) + 4 \quad b) \quad g(5) = 5^2 + 5$$

$$c) \quad f(1) = 3(1) + 4 \leftarrow$$

$$g(3) = 3^2 + 3 \leftarrow +$$

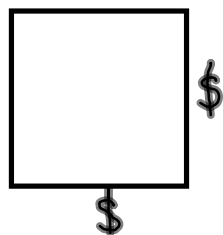
$$11) \quad \$ \textcircled{5,000} \quad 3\% \rightarrow 0.03$$

$$5,000 \times (0.03) = \$150$$

$$5,000 + 150 = 5,150$$

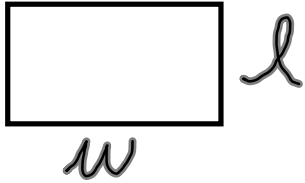
11) \$ 6,000      6% → 0.06

13a)



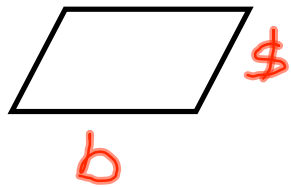
$$P(\$) = 4\$$$

13b)



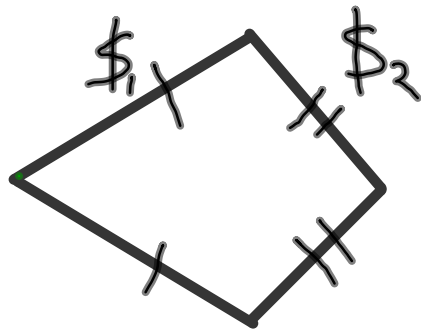
$$P(l, w) = 2l + 2w$$
$$\approx 2w + 2l$$

13c)



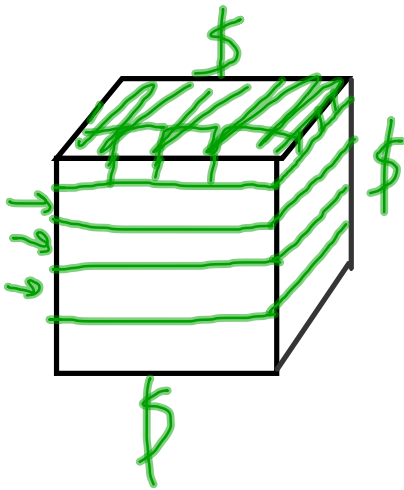
$$P(\$, b) = 2\$ + 2b$$

13d)



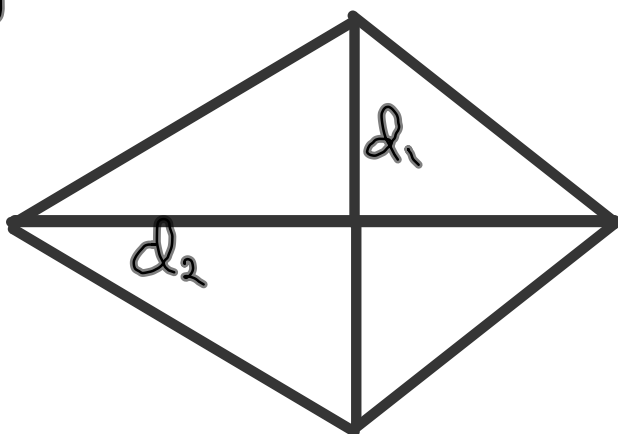
$$P(\$1, \$2) = \underline{\underline{\quad}}$$

15)



$$V(\$) = \$ \cdot \$ \cdot \$ \\ = \$^3$$

17d)



think of how you can rearrange this shape to form a new shape that we can find the area of.

HINT: make two triangles and flip one of them.